Otto-von-Guericke-University Magdeburg Max Planck Institute for Dynamics of Complex Technical Systems Computational Methods for Systems and Control Theory

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Scientific Computing 1 4th Homework

Handout: 10/24/2012

Return: 11/01/2012

Make sure you follow the basic rule:

"When reading the code in about six months and asking yourself: who wrote this crap? The answer should not be: YOU!"

Basically that means:

- Try to always use meaningful names for functions, variables,
- · Write documentation wherever necessary.
- Use indentation to increase readability of the code.
- · Add a short statement describing its purpose and basic behavior to each function.

• . . .

Exercise 1:

We consider an array int *f of n integers. Write a program which reads the array from a file containing one integer per line. The first entry is the total number of integers to read. Analyze the array and determine the two indices $i, j \in \{0, n-1\}, i \leq j$ such that

$$S_{ij} := \sum_{k=i}^j \mathrm{f}\left[\,\mathrm{k}\,\right]$$

is maximized. Think about an efficient solution.

Example data sets are available: http://www.mpi-magdeburg.mpg.de/mpcsc/lehre/2012_ WS_SC/data/sum_data.tar.gz

Example: Consider the following array of length 10:

Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Value	-1	3	4	-2	5	1	-9	4	2	-2

Then the maximum of S_{ij} is $S_{15} = 11$ beginning at i = 1 and ending at j = 5.

Exercise 2:

(4 Points)

The BLAS library provides the function ddot to compute the scalar product of two *n*-dimensional vectors. Download this routine from http://www.netlib.org/blas/ and write a C interface for it. Demonstrate the usage with two small vectors and verify the result.

(5 Points)

Exercise 3:

Write a function min_element which takes an integer array f[] and two indices i and j as input. The function has to return

 $\operatorname{argmin}_{i < k < j} f[k].$

Implement an easy sorting algorithm on top of min_element and the swap function from the lecture.

Demonstrate the algorithm the following way:

- Read an example file from Exercise 1.
- Sort the array.
- Write the sorted array to a file.

Exercise 4:

Write the following functions without using library functions from string.h:

- a.) A function called strlength which takes a string as input and returns its length without the trailing 0-byte. Write a preprocessor macro IS_NUL which returns true if a given character is the 0-byte.
- b.) A function called str_find which takes two strings as inputs and returns true if the second string is found in the first one or false otherwise.

Demonstrate both functions in a small main program.

Exercise 5:

Makefiles support the developer to build large projects easily. Write a separate Makefile for each of the previous Exercises on this sheet.

Exercise 6:

You will get a C program from the previous exercise via e-mail. Take a look at it and comment it. Think about:

- · Is the code readable or well formed?
- · Is the purpose obvious?
- · Are unclear statements documented?
- · Are function and variable names meaningful?
- Are there parts which can be implemented better or more efficient?
- . . .

(5 Points)

(4 Points)

Overall Points: 25

(2 Points)

(5 Points)