Otto-von-Guericke-University Magdeburg
Max Planck Institute for Dynamics of Complex Technical Systems
Computational Methods for Systems and Control Theory

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Scientific Computing 1
Handout 4
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Floating Point Numbers and Rounding

- **Normalized floating point representation (with base p)** for $x \in \mathbb{R}$:

$$x = (-1)^j \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha_i}{p^i} p^b,$$

with $\alpha_i \in \{0, 1, \ldots, p-1\}$, $\alpha_1 \neq 0$ and exponent b.

- **Set of normalized floating point numbers of length t with base p and range of exponent $\{e_{\min}, e_{\min}+1, \ldots, e_{\max}\} \subset \mathbb{Z}$:**

$$\mathbb{M}(p, t, e_{\min}, e_{\max}) := \{\pm 0.\alpha_1 \ldots \alpha_t \cdot p^b | \alpha_i \in \{0, 1, \ldots, p-1\},\ \alpha_1 \neq 0,\ e_{\min} \leq b \leq e_{\max}\} \cup \{0\}.$$

$x \in \mathbb{M}(p, t, e_{\min}, e_{\max})$ is called **machine number** or **computer number**.

- **Rounding function**

$$\gamma : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{M}(p, t, e_{\min}, e_{\max})$$

for $x \in Z := [-x_{\max}, -x_{\min}] \cup \{0\} \cup [x_{\min}, x_{\max}]$ determined by

$$\gamma(x) = \arg\min\{|x - \tilde{x}| \mid \tilde{x} \in \mathbb{M}(p, t, e_{\min}, e_{\max})\}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} x_{\min} &:= \min\{|x| \mid x \in \mathbb{M}(p, t, e_{\min}, e_{\max}) \backslash \{0\}\}, \\ x_{\max} &:= \max\{|x| \mid x \in \mathbb{M}(p, t, e_{\min}, e_{\max})\}. \end{aligned}$$

$\Longrightarrow$ for $x = \pm \sum\limits_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha_i}{p^i} \cdot p^b \in Z$ with $\alpha_1 \neq 0$ holds:

$$\gamma(x) = \begin{cases} \pm \sum\limits_{i=1}^{t} \frac{\alpha_i}{p^i} \cdot p^b, & \alpha_{t+1} < \frac{p}{2} \\ \pm \left(\sum\limits_{i=1}^{t} \frac{\alpha_i}{p^i} + \frac{1}{p^t} \right) \cdot p^b, & \alpha_{t+1} > \frac{p}{2} \end{cases}$$

  - for $\alpha_{t+1} = \frac{p}{2}$: round up or **Round-to-even**;
  - for $|x| < x_{\min}$ (**Underflow**): round to 0, $\operatorname{sign}(x)\, x_{\min}$ respectively, or **gradual underflow** (allow *denormalized* floating point numbers, i.e., $\alpha_1 = 0$);
  - for $|x| > x_{\max}$ (**Overflow**): $\gamma(x) = \operatorname{sign}(x)\, x_{\max}$ or $\gamma(x) = \infty$.